1 (a) Complete the table for $2 x+3 y=12$.

| $x$ | 0 | 4.5 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ |  |  | 0 |

(b) Draw the graph of $2 x+3 y=12$ for $0 \leqslant x \leqslant 6$.

(c) Use your graph to find the gradient of the line $2 x+3 y=12$.
(c)

2 (a Find the value of $6 x^{2}$ when $x=-4$.
$\qquad$
(a)
(b) Find the first 3 terms of the sequence whose $n$th term is $4 n+3$.
(b)
(c) Factorise completely.

$$
6 y^{2}+9 y
$$

(c)
(d) Solve.

$$
2 x+7=6 x-8
$$

(d)
(e) Rearrange this formula to make $x$ the subject.

$$
y=4 x+6
$$

3 (a) When $a=-5, b=-2$ and $c=6$, find the value of
(i) $a^{2}$,
(a)(i)
(ii) $1000 b$,
$\qquad$
(ii)
[1]
(iii) $\frac{a+c}{b}$.
$\qquad$
(iii)
(b) Solve these equations.
(i) $2(3 x-1)=10 x-5$
$\qquad$
(ii) $x^{2}-4=60$
(ii)

4 (a Write a number in each box so that the following is an identity.

$$
5 x-7(2 x-3) \equiv 6 x+3-\square x+\square
$$

(b) Solve this equation.

$$
\frac{5 x+4}{2}=x-1
$$

(b)
(c) Solve this equation.

$$
x^{2}=81
$$

(c)
(d) Rearrange this formula to make $p$ the subject.

$$
H=\sqrt{10 p+c}
$$

6 (a) Lizzie has a part-time job putting leaflets into envelopes. She earns £30 a day for filling up to 90 envelopes.
She earns 20p for every extra envelope she fills after 90.
(i) Complete this table showing how much she can earn.

| Number of <br> envelopes <br> filled | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 | 130 | 140 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earnings (£) |  | 30 |  | 30 |  |  |  | 38 |  |


(ii) Plot the pairs of values on the grid and join them using straight lines.
(b) Alec also has a job filling envelopes.

He earns 30p for every envelope he fills.
(i) On the grid draw the straight line graph to show Alec's earnings for filling from 60 to 140 envelopes.
Label this line A.
(ii) One day Alec and Lizzie find they have both earned the same amount of money and filled the same number of envelopes.

How many envelopes did they each fill?
(b)(ii)

